The European Union of Yoga Organizations

member of International Yoga Federation and International Yoga Sports Federation

Founded in 1997 under the name of the European Yoga Commission, during the European Yoga Congress and International Yoga Congress of the International Yoga Federation in Genoa, Italy. Currently, with new statutes, it has become the European Union of Yoga Organizations, the largest confederation of federations, associations, unions and yoga centers in Europe.

The highest body of the European Union of Yoga Organizations is its general assembly that brings together the delegates of the member associations once a year to make the resolutions of the institution.

The General Assembly elects an Executive Committee or Executive Board that administers the European Union of Yoga Organizations.

The Governing Body, made up of delegates designated by the member associations, has the function of coordinating the directors of the UEYO in each country and the yoga events.

The Governing Body coordinates and interacts with the European Commission for Yoga Education, European Commission for Traditional Yoga, European Commission for Modern Yoga, European Commission for Professional Yoga, European Commission for the Regulation of the Yoga Teacher Profession, European Commission for Yoga Therapy, Commission European Council of Sports Yoga, and the European Yoga Council that brings together the Grand Masters of Yoga and the main Grand Masters of the different lineages, traditions, specialties and styles of yoga.

The European Union of Yoga Organizations is full member of International Yoga Federation ® and International Yoga Sports Federation ®

The European Union of Yoga Organizations has full and complete member institutions, adherent member institutions, honorary member institutions, as well as centers that can be registered, accredited, recognized or associates.

Members of European Union of Yoga Organizations

Liste des organisations membres:

- 1. Francophone Yoga Federation
- 2. Spanish Integral Yoga Alliance Alianza Española de Yoga Integral
- 3. Spanish Professional Yoga Alliance Alianza Española de Yoga Profesional
- 4. Yoga Federation of Macedonia
- 5. Yoga Integral Association of Portugal
- 6. Asociacion Portuguesa de Yogaterapia Integrativa

- 7. German Yoga Association
- 8. Israeli Yoga Association
- 9. Raja Yoga Fed. of Holland Stichting Raja Yoga Nederland
- 10. SYN Samenwerkende Yogadocenten Nederland
- 11. Association Scientifique, Traditional Yoga Motivational, La Reunion -France
- 12. National Yoga Association of India
- 13. Yoga Alliance International (France Europe)
- 14. Union Francaise de Yoga
- 15. Association Ecole Internationale de Yoga of France
- 16. Association Yoga du Monde of France
- 17. Sadhana Life Center of France
- 18. Association Mandala OM de France
- 19. Yoga Centre Oum ru of Russia
- 20. Yoga Association of Greece
- 21. Yoga Arts Centre Association of Greece
- 22. European Yoga Alliance Alianza Europea de Yoga
- 23. International Yoga Institute
- 24. Trinkel Yoga Centre Bulgaria
- 25. Scorpion Yoga Centre Bulgaria
- 26. SK-AMRITA YOGA of Bulgaria
- 27. Ecole Yogakshemam France
- 28. YSR YOGA La Rochelle France
- 29. Ecole Internationale Shiatsu Yoga Mediteranneo
- 30. Mandala Yoga Studio of Greece
- 31. Raja Yoga Institute of Holland
- 32. Arhanta Yoga Ashram de Nederland en de Benelux
- 33. Het Raja Yoga Instiuut Midden Nederland
- 34. Samyama Nederland
- 35. Academie Raja Yoga Nederland
- 36. Yoga Dinesh of Russia
- 37. Yoga Association Centro Yoga Sacchi of Italy
- 38. Jiva Yoga Association of Italy
- 39. Yoga Mostoles Centro de Yoga Om Ganesha
- 40. Vasudeva Yoga Association of Spain
- 41. Yoga Centar Subotica Serbia
- 42. Sombor Yoga Centre Serbia
- 43. Kala Yoga Israel
- 44. Yoga Samvit School of Germany
- 45. Das YogaHaus Samvit de Alemania
- 46. Tao Center Escuela de Yoga España
- 47. Escuela Tradicional de Yoga Jivadaya de España
- 48. Indra Yoga Mindfulness de España
- 49. Escuela Internacional de Yoga Srl of Argentina
- 50. Mediterranean Yoga Aurum Solis

- 51. Sivananda World Peace Foundation of South Africa
- 52. Ordre Kabbaliste Rose-Croix
- 53. Yoga School of Portugal Association
- 54. Yoga Alliance International Alianza International de Yoga SRL
- 55. Sociedad Internacional de Yoga
- 56. International Yoga Association of Ukraine
- 57. Ishwara Yoga Centre of Ukraine
- 58. Yoga Association of Oreiras Portugal
- 59. Centre Yoga & Terre Happy of France
- 60. Centro Yoga R9ma Est. Sole e Mezzanotte of Italy
- 61. Scuola Yoga Eleonora Medici -Lakshmi Hourse of Italy
- 62. Yoga School of Belgrade, Serbia

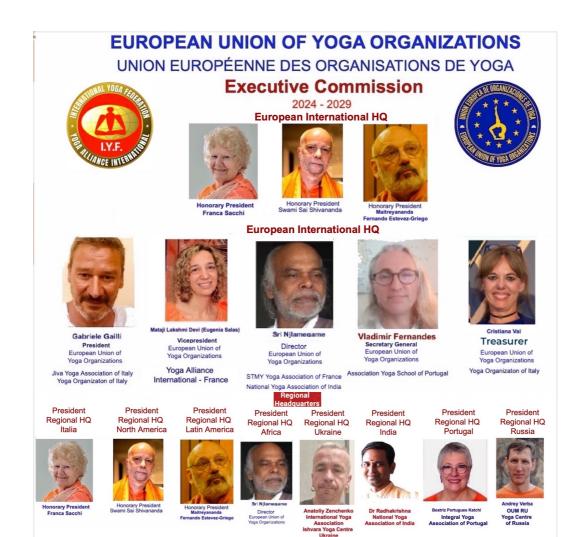
Liste of Individual membres:

- 1. Natalia Velazquez,
- 2. Eugenia Paola Salas
- 3. Beatriz Katchi
- 4. Franca Sacchi
- 5. Nilamegame
- 6. Fernando Estevez-Griego

The Executive Board and the Executive Office of European Union of Yoga Organizations



Regional Headquarters of European Union of Yoga Organizations in the World





The Governing Council



The General Assembly.

Each Member Yoga Organization of the European Union of Yoga Organizations must be represented by a delegate at the annual General Assembly. To make resolutions, 50% of the affiliated institutions must be present





European Yoga Conferences - Euroyoga

1997 Genoa, ITALY 2000 Genoa, Italy 2003 Santa Maria, PORTUGAL 2004 Madrid, SPAIN 2005 Milan, ITALY 2006 Lisbon, PORTUGAL 2007 Copenhagen, DENAMARK 2008 Lisbon, PORTUGAL 2009 Rome, ITALY 2009 Lisbon PORTUGAL 2010 Lisbon, PORTUGAL 2011 Sofia, BULGARIA 2012 Moscow, RUSSIA 2013 Paris, FRANCE 2014 Lyon, FRANCE 2015 Madeira, PORTUGAL

2016 Mafra, PORTUGAL 2017 Mafra, Portugal 2018 Sofia, Bulgaria 2019 Kolašin, Montenegro 2020 Europe Online 2021 Europe Online 2022 Malaga, Spain 2023 Oporto, Portugal

Profesional Degrees of Yoga



Teachers Training and Masters Yoga Traing Courses: 7 systems:

International Yoga Federation - European Union of Yoga Organizations

1. Teaching Cycle

The European system has a duration of 3 years with 9 month teaching cycles, and a minimum training program. This training program was based on the National Yoga Associations, mostly European, and was created and led by trainers who were not yoga teachers.

2. Gurukula

In India, the training system is the traditional gurukula system, which takes place in the Ashram (spiritual community), courses of a duration that can vary between one month and 12 years. In this tradition it is not so important the program, the fundamental thing is that the course is given by a real Master with experience, who dominates the samadhi and the techniques.

The supporters of this system. They argued that most of the programs were limited to the training of teachers of yoga techniques, but they did not train yogis, much less yoga teachers. The real institution in yoga is not the National Associations, but the Masters and Lineages.

3. American System

The Americans, on the other hand, put together an American system, which is neither Gurukula nor European, which is based on hours and standards. The person obtained a degree, or a specialization according to the amount of hours taken.

4. Mixed

A fourth methodology was based on 12 training modules that have theoretical, technical and practical parts with spiritual practices.

5. Continuing education

Created in the USA, based on credits or points generated by events, seminars, retreats, congresses, etc.

6. Immersion Training

Subsequently, a sixth modality of immersion training appeared, consisting of short intensive periods of approximately two weeks.

7. On Going

This training modality, currently called "on going", is based on the shared time (several years) of the disciple with his or her Yoga Master, until the latter considers that the person has mastered Yoga and has become a true Yoga Master.



The Yoga and Buddhism coming to Europe circa 326 a. C with the folk of **Alexander** the Great, son of God (Zeus -Amon) from the Achilles lineage. Greek in Indostan was buddhist. The Greco-Bactrians were known for their high level of Hellenistic sophistication and kept regular contact with both the Mediterranean and neighbouring India. Indo-Greek kingdom appeared circa 190 BCE. Greek culture. Greek culture reached Ariana and the Hindustan long before India existed. Their Yoga was known as Yavana Yoga, and the Greeks strongly developed Buddhism, creating the foundations of Buddhism, Mahayana and Tandtrayana differentiated from the original Buddhism. In Ariana (Pakistan and Afghanistan) in Kashmir, North India, Tibet, Ubekistan, and Tauiskitan, the Greeks introduced human postures, which India had never practiced, developing the asanas within Buddhism. And developing the Greek Gymnasiums as true ahsrams and viharas where postures, sports, philosophy and spirituality were practiced. The concept of the spirituality of asanas is Greek. And the concept that sports is spiritual is Greek. The Greeks taught Homer's Iliad and Odyssey, epics on which the Mahabharata were based, including the Bhagavad Gita and the Ramayana, which were written in the Greek kingdoms of Bactria and Hindustan. The Gita is based on the life of Alexander the Great and Achilles and on the Greek idea of what we know as karma yoga. We can affirm that modern Hinduism is nothing more than the democratic

development of ancient Hellenism or the ancient religion of the Greeks that was always tolerant and coexisted with other religions or philosophies such as Jainism or Buddhism. The Buddhism of the Greeks was nothing more than a true primordial yoga, which coexisted with the Sanmkhya and from which Patanjali was later nourished. Yoga before Alexander the Great, who was an extraordinary philosopher, a disciple of Aristotle, and after Alexander, developed in Europe under other names. The tradition of ancient and modern yoga postures are a purely European tradition that was transmitted by the Americans on their continent. In Europe, Yoga was transformed at the end of the 19th century, and in the 20th century, European yoga was born as a different yoga from India, since in Europe as in America a Yoga that was psychophysical and spiritual was proposed. Yoga was an idea in European cultures long before European bodies practised anything called yoga. Indian philosophical ideas and ascetic practices were known to the ancient Greeks, whose imperial influence stretched into what is now northwest India (ca. 300 BCE). Currently, the yoga organizations of Europe have a meeting point in the European Union of Yoga Organizations, where all forms of Yoga from ancient times and modernity coexist, without one imposing on the other, without anyone being able to say this is yoga and this is not yoga, because there is no inquisitive vision. Yoga in Europe is professional, and it has such a secular vision that it makes it impossible for it to be religious, especially Hindu because it is professional. But it is equally accepted in the European Union of Yoga Organizations, all forms of yoga, and all methods and styles. Regardless of its origin. The European Union of Yoga Organizations defends the freedom, equality and fraternity of its members and has not a unique training program.

The European Union of Yoga Organizations does not accept any authority, interference, directive, control, guide or imposition of the yoga organizations of India, much less its government, being an institution that is not influenced by political parties. On the other hand, the European Union of Yoga Organizations does not believe that Yoga was born in India, because historical documents affirm otherwise. This Europeanist vision is what makes the European Union of Yoga Organizations an independent institution not only from the institutions and gurus of India (Indian Yoga Association) but also from the Yoga Alliance of the United States and European Yoga Union at Europe.

European Union of Yoga Organizations have official relationship and And mutual recognition with the International Yoga Federation, World Yoga Council of IYF, International Yoga Therapy Association, Asian Yoga Federation, Yoga Federation of Asia, South American Yoga Federation, Francophone Yoga Federation, Latin American Yoga Union, Yoga Federation of America, International Yoga Sports Federation ®, OUM.ru Yoga Organization of the Commonwealth of Independent States, Yoga Alliance International (Europe and America), International Yoga Association, Federation of India and National Yoga Association of India.